

The UN Security Council



Security Council
United Nations

Dr. Walter Dorn
Canadian Forces College
21 January 2019



Overview

- ❑ Origins
- ❑ UN Charter
- ❑ Structure and composition
- ❑ Selected events
- ❑ Canada and the SC
- ❑ Final thoughts



Origins

World War I

Clash of empires

Failed balance of power & “Concert of Europe”

National selfishness and militarism



Origin of international organization (IO) for peace

Sacrifice, progressive spirit, imperative of prevention

From destruction, new hopes and dreams



The Seed Idea

“A general **association of nations** must be formed under specific covenants for the purpose of affording mutual guarantees of **political independence and territorial integrity** to great and small states alike.”

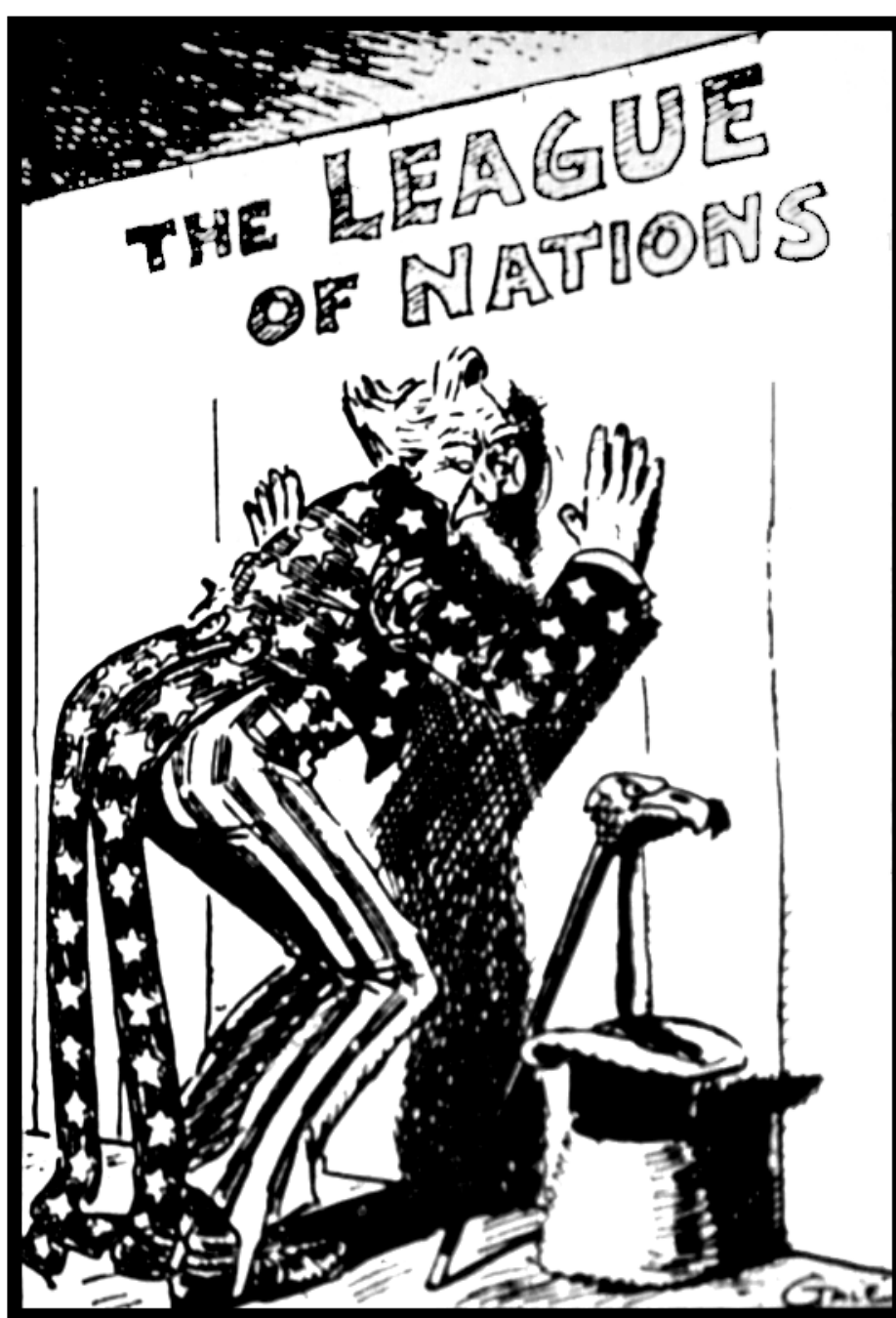
- President Woodrow Wilson
Fourteenth Point
8 January 1918



League of Nations



Palais des nations, Geneva

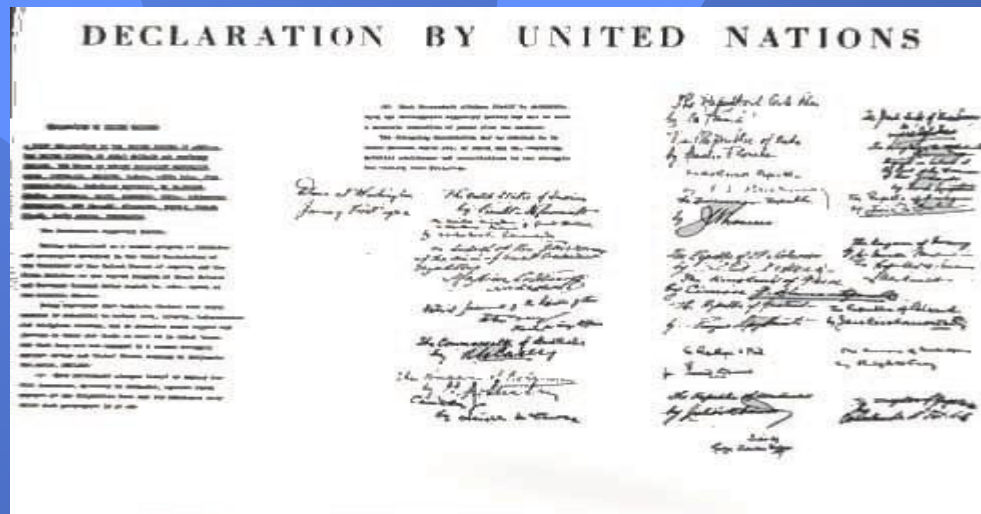


On the Outside Looking In

World War II

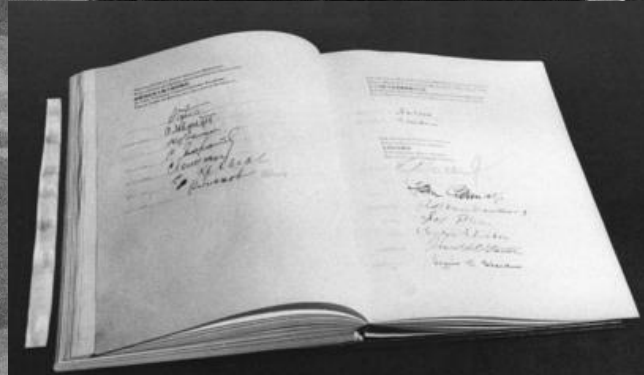
- ❑ League of Nations unsupported
- ❑ Declaration by United Nations (1 January 1942)

“defend life, liberty, independence and religious freedom, and to preserve human rights and justice in their own lands as well as in other lands”



A stylized world map in a light blue color, centered on the Atlantic Ocean, serving as a background for the slide.

UN Charter



From League to UN



Council

Four permanent:
France, Italy, Japan & UK



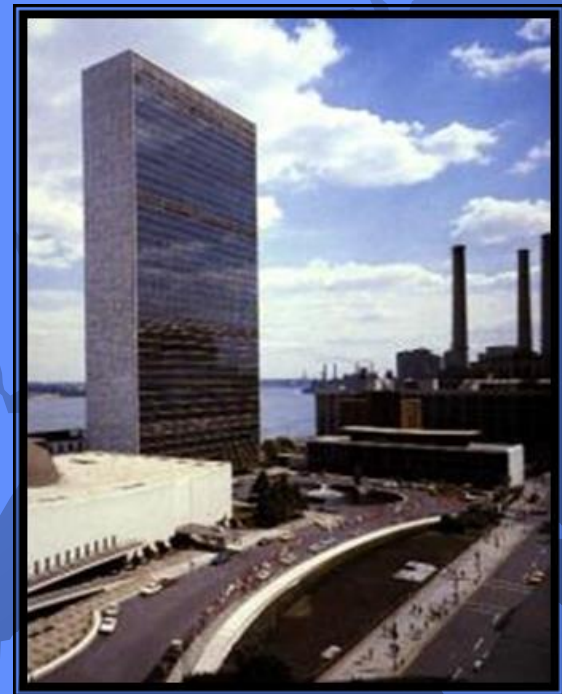
Security Council

Five permanent:
China, France, UK, USA,
USSR/Russia

Secretariat



Geneva
Palais des Nations



New York
Headquarters

Charter of the United Nations

Preamble

I: Purposes and Principles

II: Membership

III: Organs

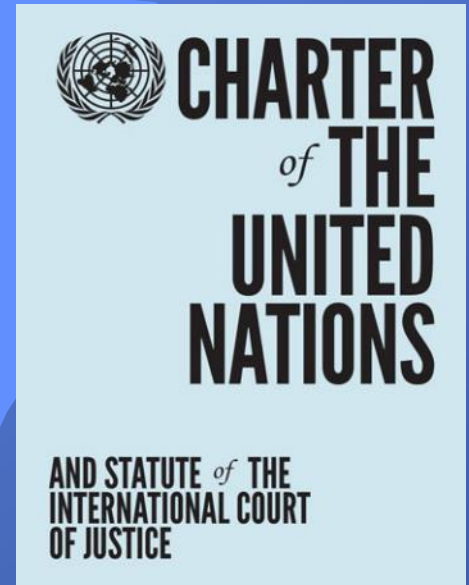
IV: The General Assembly

V: The Security Council

VI: Pacific Settlement of Disputes

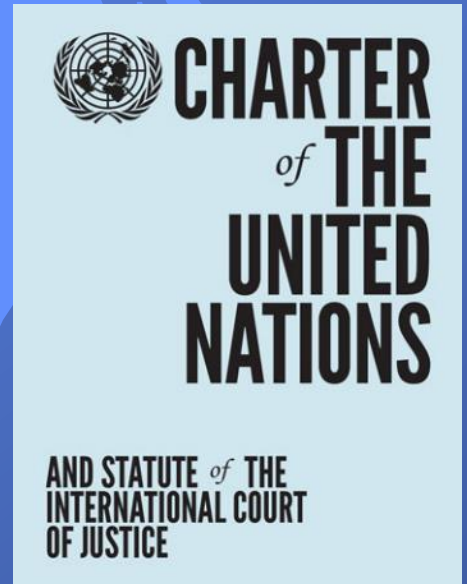
VII: Action with Respect to Threats to the Peace,
Breaches of the Peace and Acts of Aggression

VIII: Regional Arrangements . . .



Article 2, Para 4

2(4): All Members shall refrain in their international relations from the threat or **use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence** of any state...



Article 24

24(1): ... Members confer on the Security Council **primary responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security** ...

Article 25

The Members of the United Nations agree to accept and carry out the decisions of the Security Council in accordance with the present Charter.

Article 42

Should the Security Council consider that measures provided for in Article 41 would be inadequate or have proved to be inadequate, it may take such **action by air, sea, or land forces as may be necessary to maintain or restore international peace and security. ...**

Article 50

Nothing in the present Charter shall impair the inherent right of individual or collective **self-defence** if an armed attack occurs against a Member of the United Nations, until the Security Council has taken measures necessary to maintain international peace and security.



Structure & Composition

Article 23 (para. 1)

The Security Council shall consist of fifteen Members of the United Nations. [China, France, USSR, UK, and USA] shall be **permanent** members of the Security Council.

The General Assembly shall **elect** ten other Members of the United Nations to be non-permanent members of the Security Council, due regard being specially paid, in the first instance to the contribution of Members of the United Nations to the maintenance of international peace and security and to the other purposes of the Organization, and also to equitable geographical distribution. ...



General Assembly Meets to Discuss Election of Five Non-Permanent Members of the Security Council

A delegate votes on the five non-permanent members of the Security Council. 15 October 2004, UN Photo # 51103

The Assembly: all members

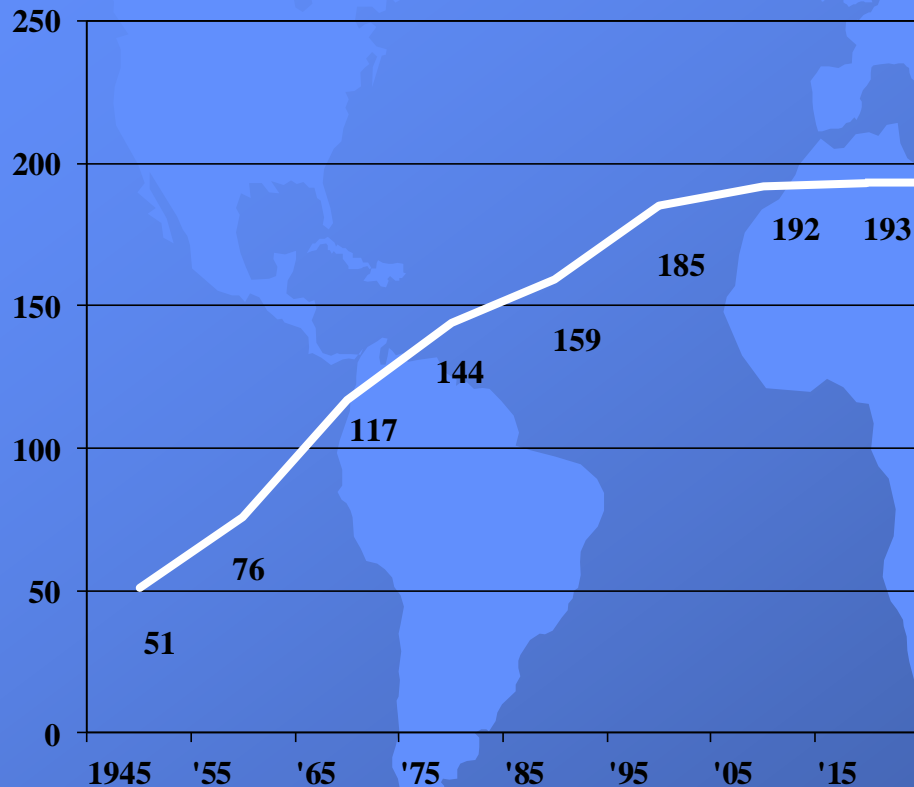


League
Assembly



UN
General Assembly

Universality of UN membership



Most recent:

Timor Leste

Montenegro

South Sudan



Timor Leste, 27 Sept 2002

SC Non-permanent (“elected”) Members

UN Charter amendment (Dec 1963):
Non-permanent members from 6 to 10

- 3 Africa
- 2 Asia
- 1 Eastern Europe
- 2 Latin America and Caribbean
- 2 Western Europe and Others Group (WEOG)

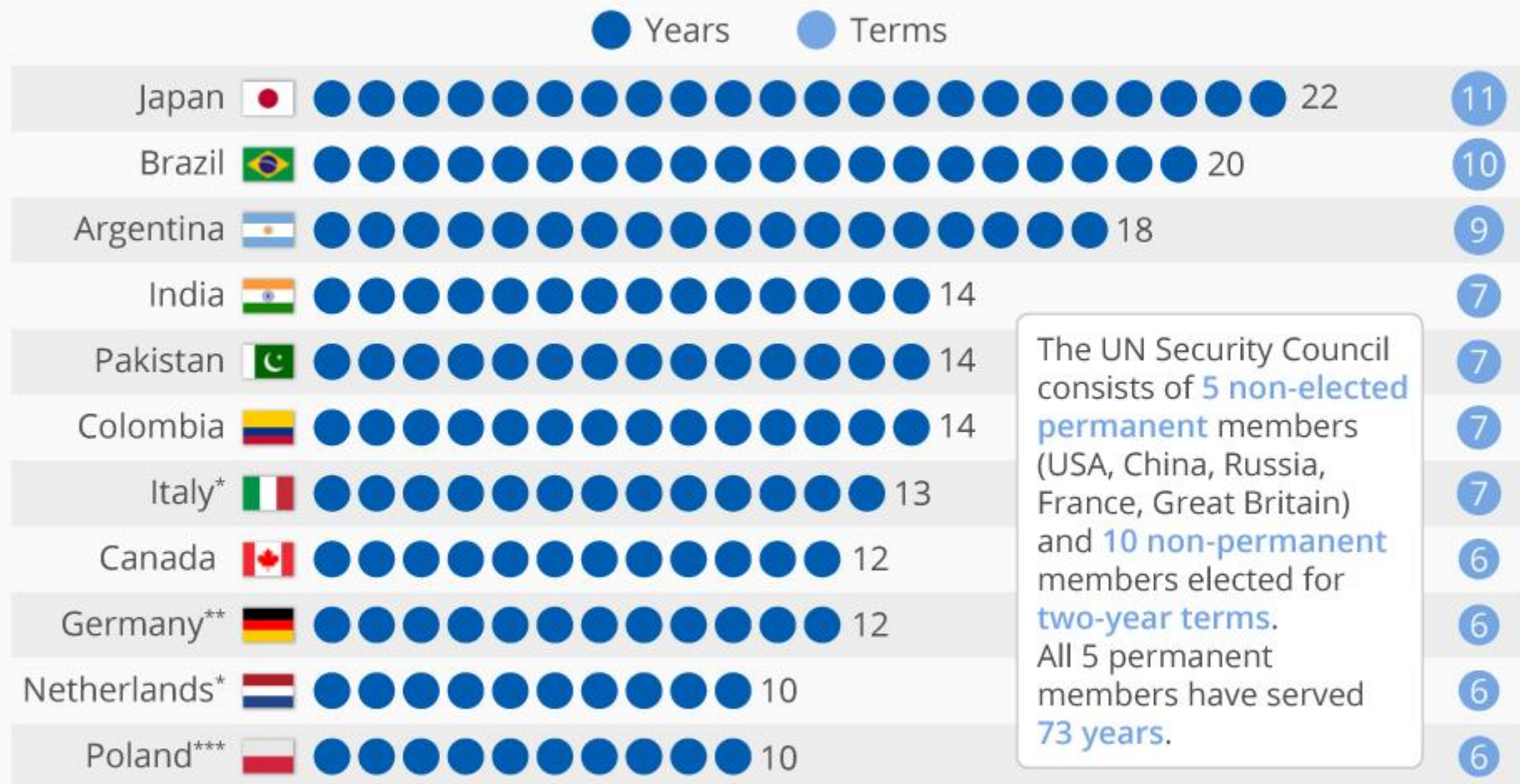
Western Europe and Others Group (WEOG)

• Andorra	• Iceland	• Norway
• Australia	• Ireland	• Portugal
• Austria	• Israel*	• San Marino
• Belgium	• Italy	• Spain
• Canada	• Liechtenstein	• Sweden
• Denmark	• Luxembourg	• Switzerland
• Finland	• Malta	• Turkey*
• France	• Monaco	• United Kingdom
• Germany	• Netherlands	• United States of
• Greece	• New Zealand	America*

2021-22 Election: Canada, Ireland, Norway

Who's Been Serving on the Security Council?

Non-permanent members of the UN Security Council with most years/# of terms since 1945



* 2017-18 term is split between Italy and the Netherlands

** West & East Germany, reunited Germany

*** 1960-61 term was split between Poland and Turkey



@StatistaCharts

Source: United Nations

statista



UN PRINCIPAL ORGANS

**GENERAL
ASSEMBLY**

**SECURITY
COUNCIL**

**ECONOMIC AND
SOCIAL COUNCIL**

SECRETARIAT

**INTERNATIONAL
COURT OF JUSTICE**

**TRUSTEESHIP
COUNCIL⁶**



The United Nations System

UN PRINCIPAL ORGANS

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SECURITY COUNCIL

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

SECRETARIAT

INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE

TRUSTEESHIP COUNCIL⁶

Subsidiary Organs

- Main Committees
- Disarmament Commission
- Human Rights Council
- International Law Commission
- Joint Inspection Unit (JIU)
- Standing committees and ad hoc bodies

Funds and Programmes¹

- UNDP** United Nations Development Programme
- **UNCDF** United Nations Capital Development Fund
- **UNV** United Nations Volunteers
- UNEP**⁸ United Nations Environment Programme
- UNFPA** United Nations Population Fund
- UN-HABITAT**⁸ United Nations Human Settlements Programme
- UNICEF** United Nations Children's Fund
- WFP** World Food Programme (UN/FAO)

Research and Training

- UNIDIR** United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research
- UNITAR** United Nations Institute for Training and Research
- UNSSC** United Nations System Staff College
- UNU** United Nations University

Other Entities

- ITC** International Trade Centre (UN/WTO)
- UNCTAD**^{1,8} United Nations Conference on Trade and Development
- UNHCR**¹ Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
- UNOPS**¹ United Nations Office for Project Services
- UNRWA**¹ United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East
- UN-WOMEN**¹ United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women

Related Organizations

- CTBTO PREPARATORY COMMISSION** Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization
- IAEA**^{1,3} International Atomic Energy Agency
- ICC** International Criminal Court
- IOM**¹ International Organization for Migration
- ISA** International Seabed Authority
- ITLOS** International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea
- OPCW**³ Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons
- WTO**^{1,4} World Trade Organization

Subsidiary Organs

- Counter-Terrorism Committee

- International Residual Mechanism for Criminal Tribunals
- Military Staff Committee

- Peacekeeping operations and political missions
- Sanctions committees (ad hoc)
- Standing committees and ad hoc bodies

Peacebuilding Commission

- **HLPF** High-level political forum on sustainable development

Functional Commissions

- Crime Prevention and Criminal Justice
- Narcotic Drugs
- Population and Development
- Science and Technology for Development
- Social Development
- Statistics
- Status of Women
- United Nations Forum on Forests

Regional Commissions⁸

- ECA** Economic Commission for Africa
- ECE** Economic Commission for Europe
- ECLAC** Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean
- ESCAP** Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific
- ESCWA** Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia

Other Bodies

- Committee for Development Policy
- Committee of Experts on Public Administration
- Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations
- Permanent Forum on Indigenous Issues
- UNAIDS** Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS
- UNGEGN** United Nations Group of Experts on Geographical Names

Research and Training

- UNICRI** United Nations Interregional Crime and Justice Research Institute
- UNRISD** United Nations Research Institute for Social Development

Specialized Agencies^{1,8}

- FAO** Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations
- ICAO** International Civil Aviation Organization
- IFAD** International Fund for Agricultural Development
- ILO** International Labour Organization
- IMF** International Monetary Fund
- IMO** International Maritime Organization
- ITU** International Telecommunication Union
- UNESCO** United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
- UNIDO** United Nations Industrial Development Organization

- UNWTO** World Tourism Organization
- UPU** Universal Postal Union
- WHO** World Health Organization
- WIPO** World Intellectual Property Organization
- WMO** World Meteorological Organization
- WORLD BANK GROUP**⁷
 - **IBRD** International Bank for Reconstruction and Development
 - **IDA** International Development Association
 - **IFC** International Finance Corporation

Departments and Offices⁸

- EOSG** Executive Office of the Secretary-General
- DESA** Department of Economic and Social Affairs
- DGACM** Department for General Assembly and Conference Management
- DGC** Department of Global Communications
- DMSPC** Department of Management Strategy, Policy and Compliance
- DOS** Department of Operational Support
- DPO** Department of Peace Operations
- DPPA** Department of Political and Peacebuilding Affairs
- DSS** Department of Safety and Security
- OCHA** Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs
- ODA** Office for Disarmament Affairs
- OHCHR** Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights
- OIOS** Office of Internal Oversight Services
- OLA** Office of Legal Affairs
- OSAA** Office of the Special Adviser on Africa
- SRSG/CAAC** Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Children and Armed Conflict
- SRSG/SVC** Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General on Sexual Violence in Conflict
- SRSG/VAC** Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General on Violence Against Children

Notes:

- 1 Members of the United Nations System Chief Executives Board for Coordination (CEB).
- 2 UN Office for Partnerships (UNOP) is the UN's focal point vis-à-vis the United Nations Foundation, Inc.
- 3 IAEA and OPCW report to the Security Council and the General Assembly (GA).
- 4 WTO has no reporting obligation to the GA, but contributes on an ad hoc basis to GA and Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) work on, inter alia, finance and development issues.
- 5 Specialized agencies are autonomous organizations whose work is coordinated through ECOSOC (inter-governmental level) and CEB (inter-secretariat level).
- 6 The Trusteeship Council suspended operation on 1 November 1994, as on 1 October 1994 Palau, the last United Nations Trust Territory, became independent.
- 7 International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes (ICSID) and Multilateral Investment Guarantee Agency (MIGA) are not specialized agencies in accordance with Articles 57 and 63 of the Charter, but are part of the World Bank Group.
- 8 The Secretariats of these organs are part of the UN Secretariat.
- 9 The Secretariat also includes the following offices: The Ethics Office, United Nations Ombudsman and Mediation Services, and the Office of Administration of Justice.

This Chart is a reflection of the functional organization of the United Nations System and for informational purposes only. It does not include all offices or entities of the United Nations System.

**GENERAL
ASSEMBLY**

**SECURITY
COUNCIL**

Subsidiary Organs

- Counter-Terrorism Committee
- International Residual Mechanism for Criminal Tribunals
- Military Staff Committee
- Peacekeeping operations and political missions
- Sanctions committees (ad hoc)
- Standing committees and ad hoc bodies

Peacebuilding Commission

Related Organizations

CTBTO PREPARATORY COMMISSION
Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization

IAEA^{1,3} International Atomic Energy Agency

ICC International Criminal Court

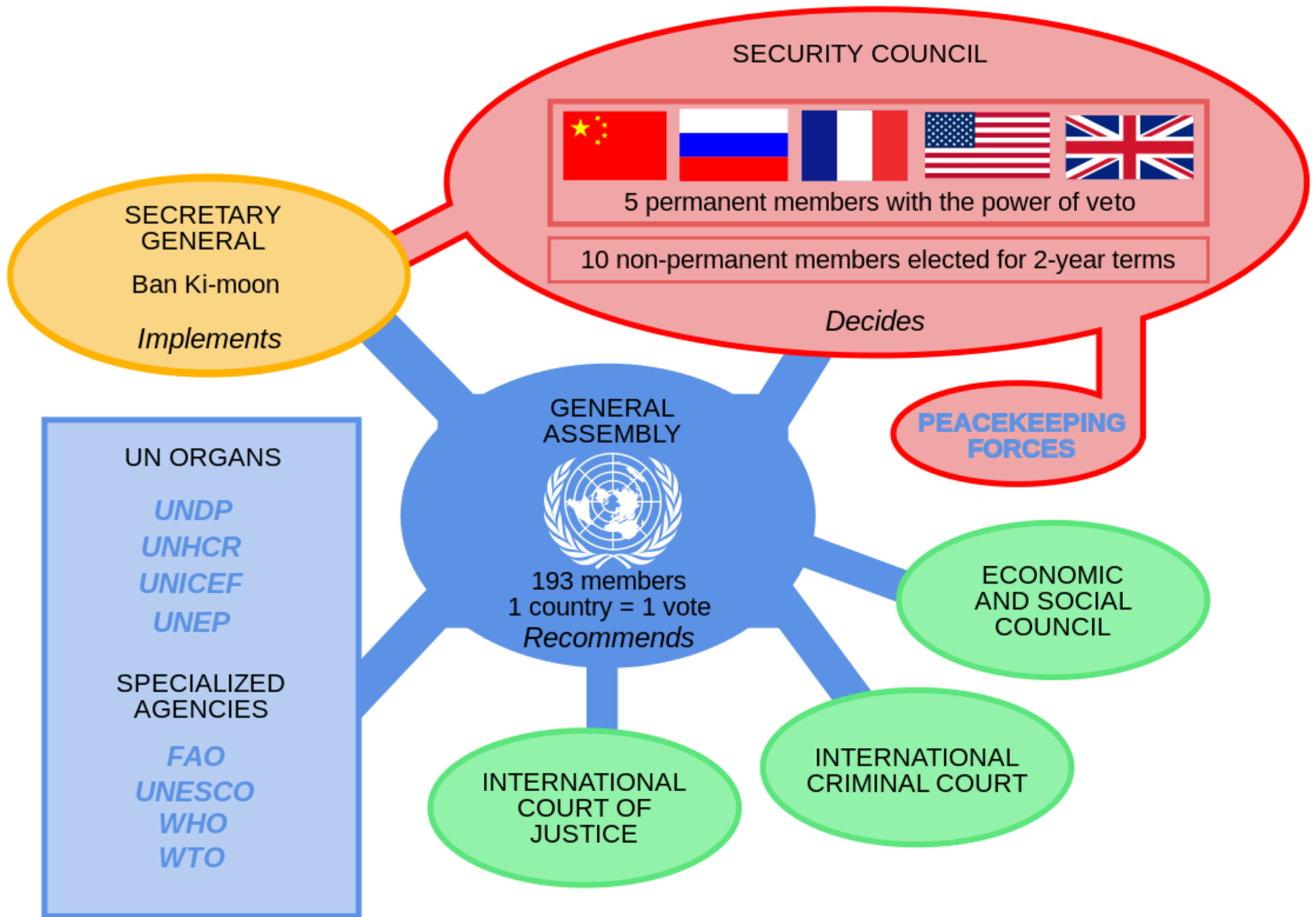
IOM¹ International Organization for Migration

ISA International Seabed Authority

ITLOS International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea

OPCW³ Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons

WTO^{1,4} World Trade Organization



A faint, light blue world map is visible in the background of the slide, showing the outlines of the continents.

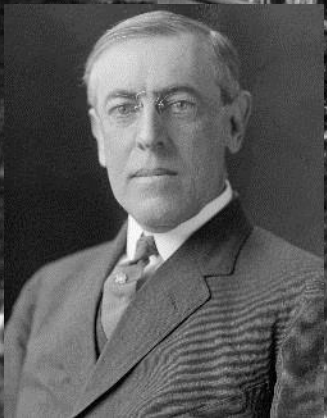
Selected Events

“Police Action” in Korea 1950

Vindication of Collective Security



US Leadership



Cuban Missile Crisis

October 1962



Stephenson-Zorin,
Security Council debate
– October 25

"All the News
That's Fit to Print"

The New York Times.

LATE CITY EDITION

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FIVE CENTS

KENNEDY AGREES TO TALKS ON THANT PLAN, KHRUSHCHEV ACCEPTS IT; BLOCKADE GOES ON; RUSSIAN TANKER INTERCEPTED AND CLEARED

WASHINGTON FIRM

Insists on Continuing
Quarantine Until the
Menace Is Ended

By BEN FRANKEL

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26—The United States will continue today its quarantine of Cuba, the State officials stated, as the Soviet blockade of the island goes on.

A White House official said it was "self-evident" that as long as Soviet ships continued to sail toward Cuba with unknown cargoes, the blockade by United States naval forces would continue. State sources said that the Russian challenge to the blockade could not be met by all different measures in Cuba were not eliminated in previous.

While Moscow and other Soviet powers agreed today that such as the Soviet Navy in Cuba was increasing, the United States was aware, it was said, of the need of ending the presence of Cuba at this time was not adequate.

Further, officials expected the Soviet ships, which through the blockade, this morning made no difference in the situation, officials said. Further,



STEVENSON SHOWS PHOTOS OF CUBAN BASES. Adlai E. Stevenson, at right, at Secretary General table, describes aerial photos of Cuban missile bases as Col. David Barker indicates them to one of photos. At table, from left, Valerian A. Zorin of Soviet

Union; Evgeny Khvalev, U.N. Under Secretary; Mahmud El-Hadi of the United Arab Republic; and Mr. Patrick Dore of Britain. Mr. Stevenson, chief U.S. delegate, and Mr. Zorin, President of the Council this month, looked over U.S. charges against the Soviet Union.

U. N. GETS REPLIES

Secretary General to
Start 3 Separate
Parleys Today

U.S. and Soviet statements:
Article appears, Page 14.

By THOMAS J. HAMILTON

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y.

Oct. 26.—President Kennedy agreed today to talks between the United States and U. N. Secretary General, on whether arrangements could be made for negotiations in the Cuban crisis. The blockade of Cuba will continue.

President Kennedy accepted Mr. Thant's proposal, under which the United States would suspend the blockade for 100 or more weeks, while the Soviet Union stopped shipping missiles to Cuba.

A spokesman for Mr. Thant said preliminary talks would start tomorrow morning. Mr. Thant, for "two days long" will meet separately with representatives of the United States, the Soviet Union and Cuba.

Answer sent to U. N. The President's answer to Mr. Thant's message was sent to the Secretary General by Mr.

Navy Does Not Board Ship; PENTAGON ISSUES

POPE BIDS RULERS

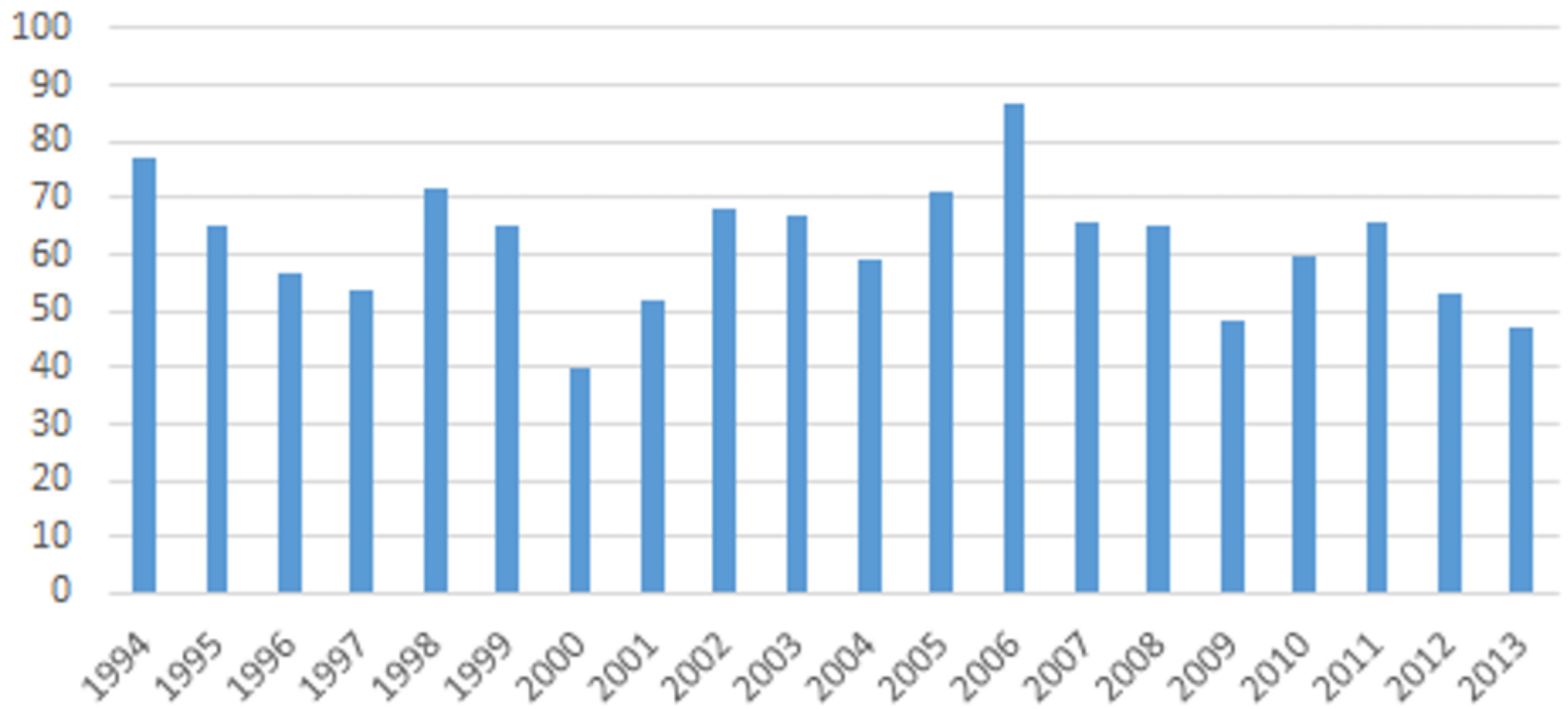
Stevenson Dares Russian



SC votes on Resolution 678 ("all necessary means" to uphold its resolutions, if Iraq does not withdraw from Kuwait)

29 November 1990, UN Photo 31700

Security Council resolutions passed since 1994



Source: UN Security Council

Peace Enforcement: Types



- Sanctions
 - Monitoring compliance; assessing impact
 - Military role
- Enforcement (Military Action)
 - Gulf War (1991), Kosovo Bombing (1999, without SC resolution), **Libya (2011)**
- Coercive Disarmament
 - UNSCOM/UNMOVIC: Intelligence-sharing issues

Sanctions

□ Sanctions committees

- Only two committees to 1990: South Africa (1963-94), S. Rhodesia (1965-79)
- Ten in 1990s: Iraq (1990-), former Yugoslavia (1992-98), Somalia (1992-94), Libya (1992-94), Liberia (1992-97), Haiti (1993-94), Angola/UNITA (1993-), Rwanda (1994-98), Sierra Leone (1997-), Afghanistan (1999-)
- Many in 2000-2010: Eritrea-Ethiopia (2000-01), Liberia (2001); Iran (2006-); Libya (2011); ...

□ National submissions

- Over 40,000 communications in one year

□ Sanctions Enforcement Support Teams

- Neighboring countries

International Criminal Tribunals & Court

ICTY (1993-2017)



ICTR (1994-2015)



International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda
Tribunal pénal international pour le Rwanda



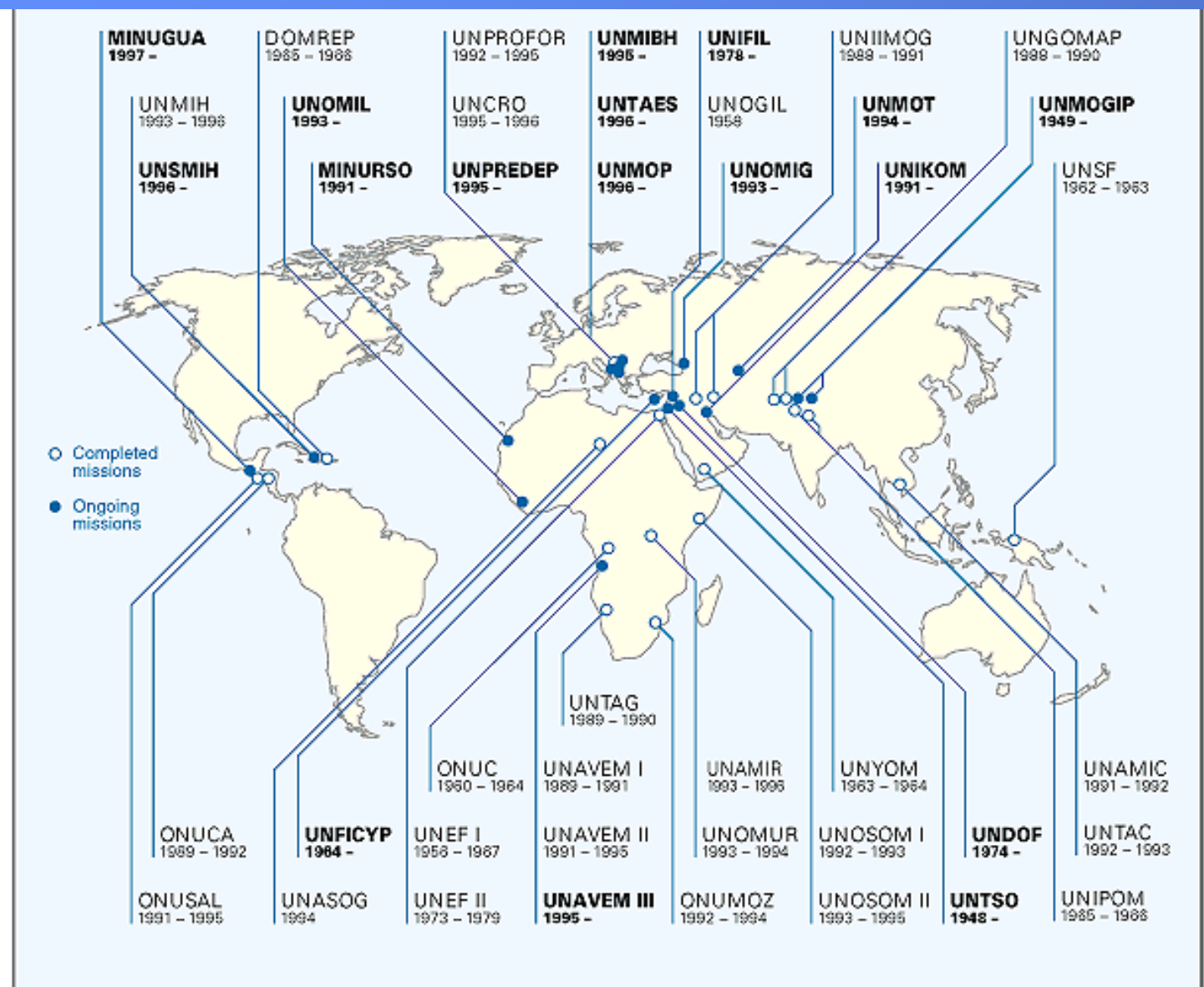
February, 1995, The Hague: Goldstone at left, as Chief Prosecutor of the International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia, with the Tribunal judges.

ICC (2002-)

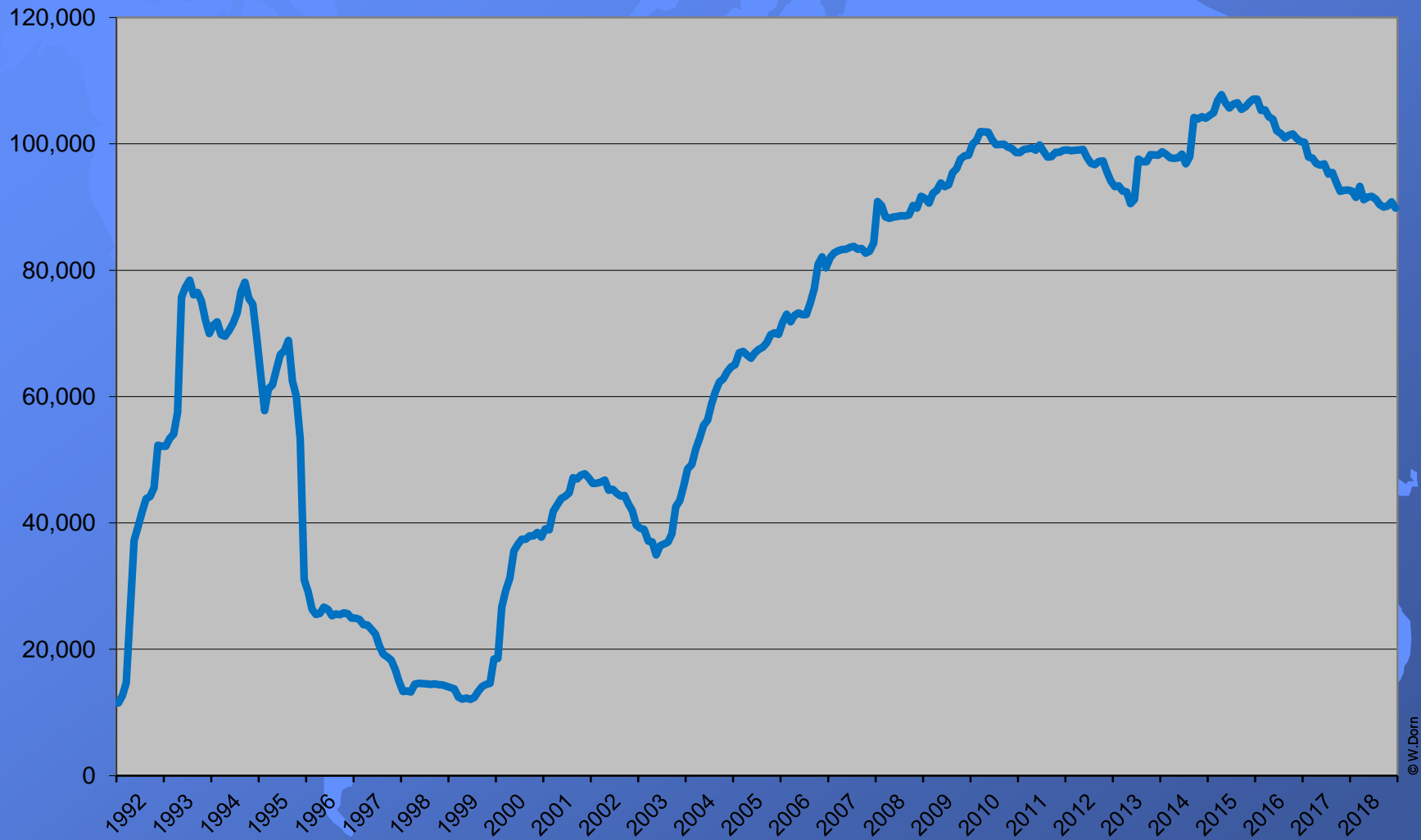


Rome Statute of the
International Criminal Court

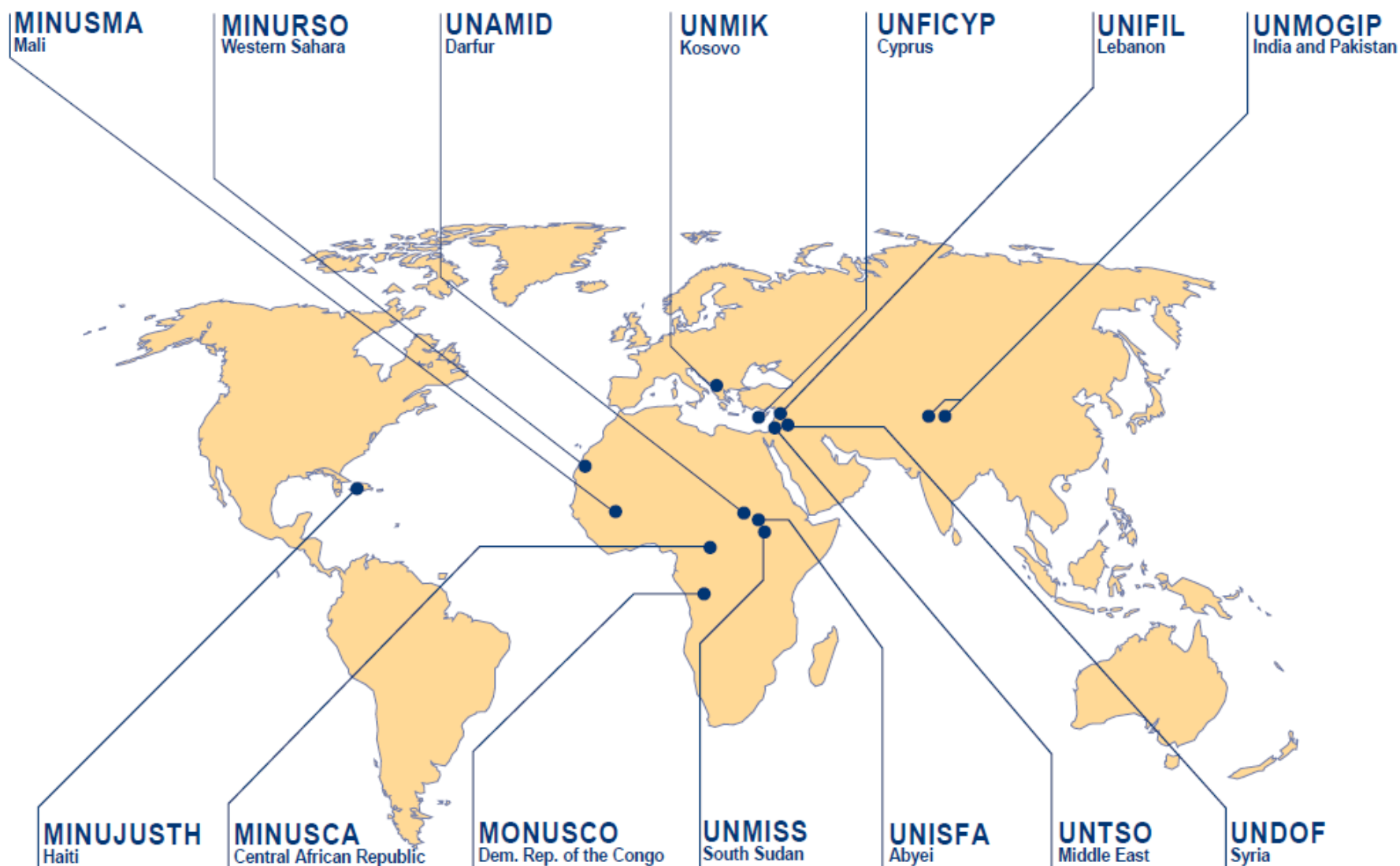
Peace Operations: 20th Century



Uniformed Personnel in UN Peacekeeping



UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS



Difficult Situations 1993-95



Somalia



© Forced Migration Review



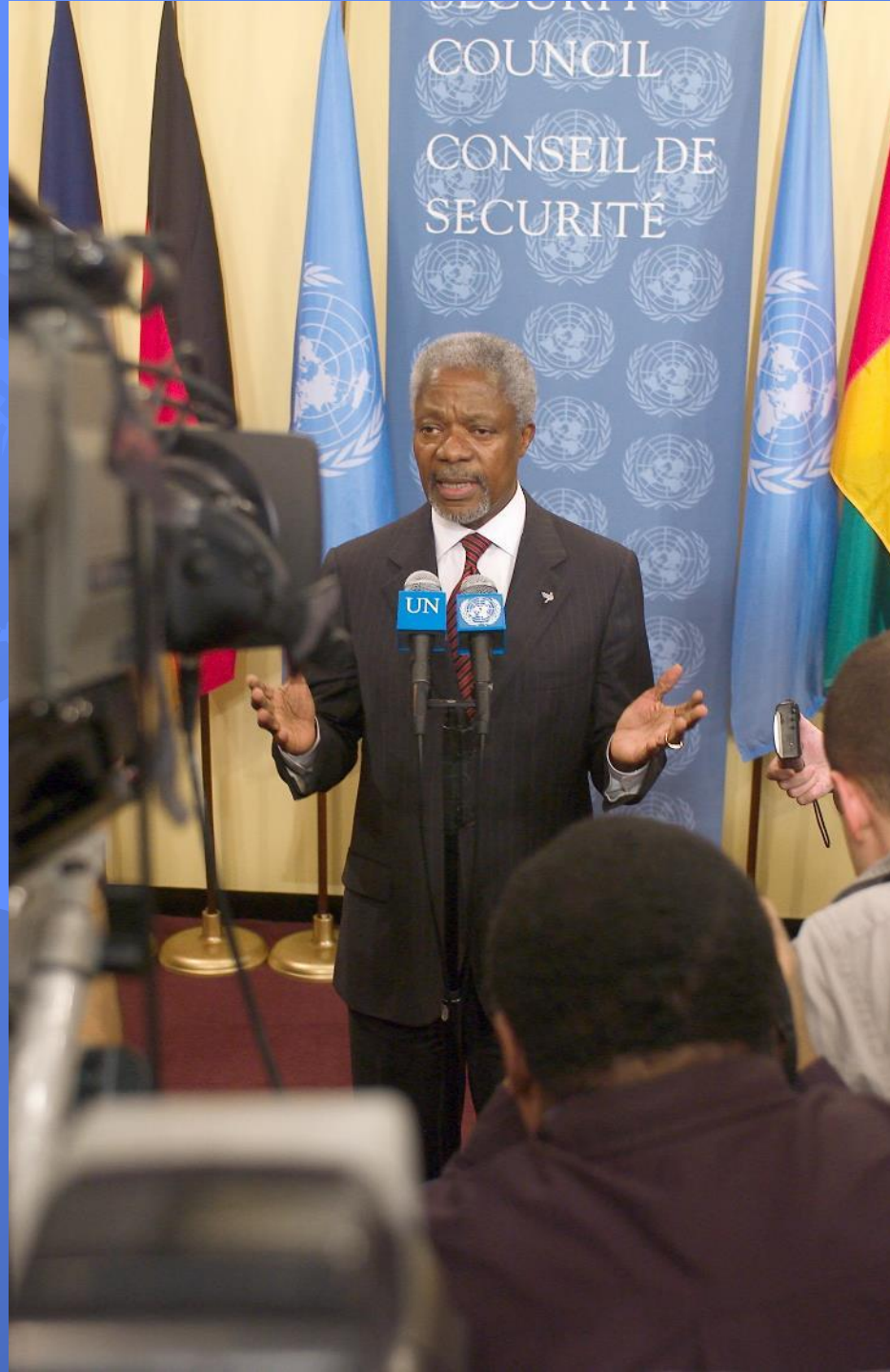
Rwanda



Bosnia

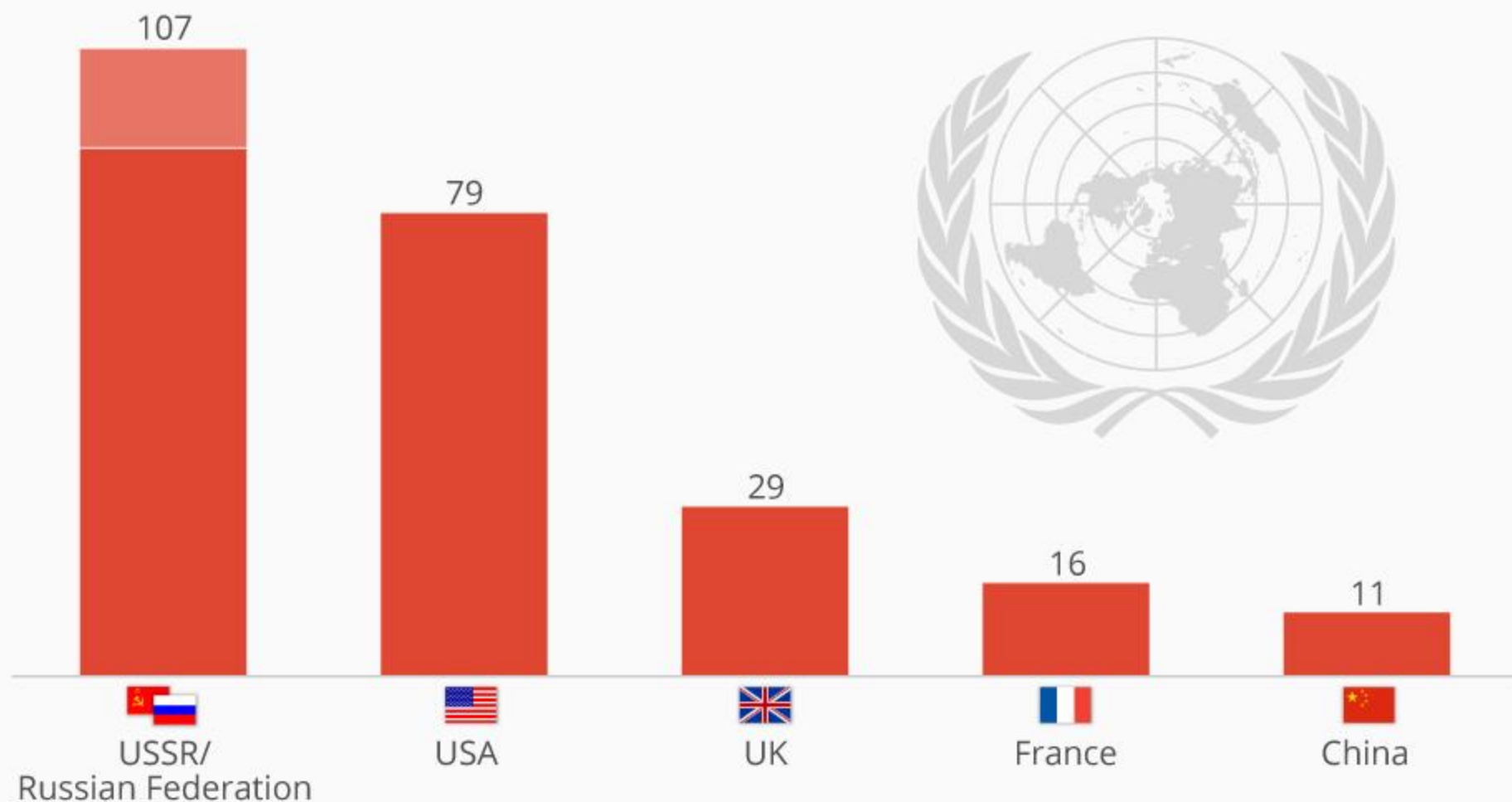


US Secretary of State Colin Powell holds up a vial that he described as one that could contain anthrax
5 February 2003



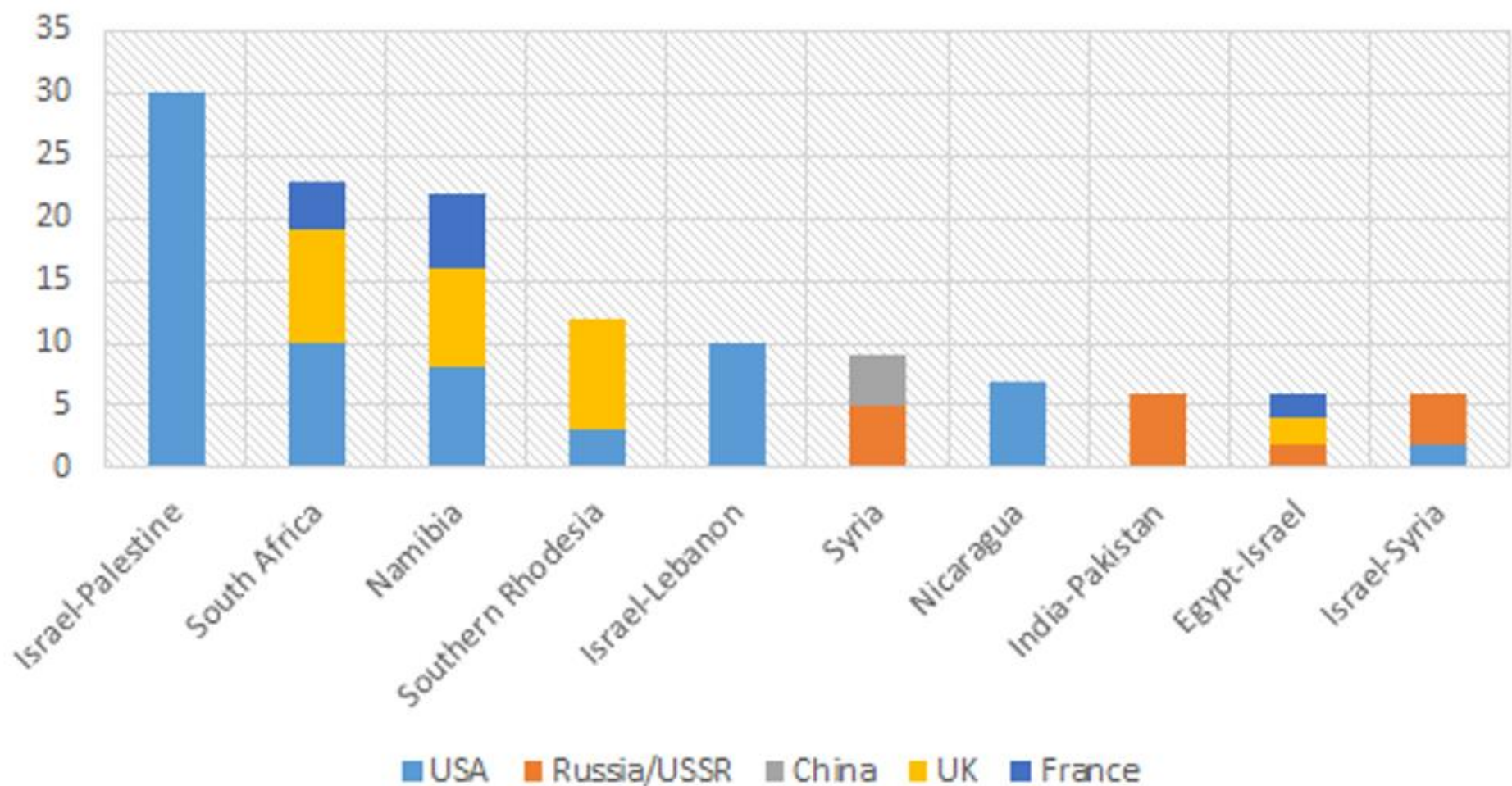
Who Vetoed the Most in the UN?

Number of UN Security Council resolutions vetoed by permanent members 1946–2017



@StatistaCharts Source: UN

Issues that have prompted the most vetoes



Source: UN Security Council

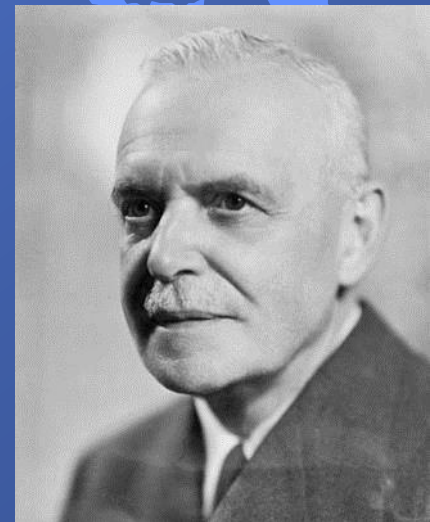


Canada and the UN SC

San Francisco 1945



1948-57



“Golden Age” of Canadian Diplomacy

General Andrew McNaughton

- Canada's first permanent delegate to UN in New York, 1948; Security Council President, 1949



Brig. Harry Angle

- Chief Military Observer, UNMOGIP, July 1950
- First Canadian to die in a peacekeeping mission



Lt. Gen. Tommy Burns

- Chief of Staff, UNTSO, 1955-56
- First Commander, UN Emergency Force, 1956-59



Nobel Peace Prize 1957



Lester B. Pearson
Oslo, 11 décembre 1957



Don



“We Remember”

PRESENTED TO THE CANADIAN FORCES
COLLEGE BY CSC 25 IN MEMORY
OF THOSE MEMBERS OF THE CANADIAN
FORCES WHO SACRIFICED THEIR
LIVES IN THE SERVICE OF PEACE.

26 JUN 99

A/BGEN ANGLE H.H. UNMOGIP 17 JUL 50
SPR VEZINA R.H. UNEF I 09 MAR 57
LT VAN STRAUBENZEE C.C. UNEF I 10 MAY 57
CPL PENNELL K.E. UNEF I 15 SEP 57
PTE ADAMS B.O. UNEF I 20 SEP 57
SGT STARK I.L. UNEF I 27 SEP 57
TPR MCDAVID R.E. UNEF I 29 NOV 57
PTE SAWYER I.A. UNEF I 22 APR 58
SIG MASON N.E. UNEF I 15 MAY 58
LCOL FLINT G.A. UNTSO 26 MAY 58
CPL ROBERTS J.T. UNEF I 10 JUN 58
CPL PORTER G.S. UNEF I 23 APR 59
MAJ MOREWOOD H. UNEF I 26 JUL 59
TPR ALLAN R.H. UNEF I 28 NOV 59
PTE HURST A.T. UNEF I 04 FEB 60
CPL GAUTHIER G.A. UNEF I 20 FEB 60
TPR WILEY R.J. UNEF I 07 SEP 61
SGT MOORE R.H. ONUC 06 OCT 61
CPL ALBERT J.M. UNEF I 19 NOV 61
CFN ROSTER D.S. UNEF I 19 NOV 61
CPL OLIVIER E. UNEF I 09 DEC 61
S/SGT MARQUIS J.P. ONUC 06 FEB 62
SPR THOMPSON G.G. UNEF I 18 MAY 62
CPL GROOM E.G. UNEF I 03 OCT 63
W/C HARPER E.D. UNEF I 02 NOV 63
PTE HERMANN J.K. UNEF I 26 DEC 63
PTE MORIN L.R. UNEF I 29 MAY 64
TPR CAMPBELL J.H. UNFICYP 31 JUL 64
TPR BONS A.A. UNEF I 27 NOV 64
CPL WALLACE P.R. UNEF I 27 NOV 64
LT EDMONDS K.E. UNFICYP 25 DEC 64
RFM HOARE P.J. UNFICYP 14 AUG 65
SGT BYRNE J.S. ICSC 18 OCT 65
CPL PERKIN V.J. ICSC 18 OCT 65
GDSM CHARTIER J.J.P. UNFICYP 14 MAR 66
PTE LAMOTHE D.A.J. UNEF I 16 MAR 66

F/O EDWARDS R.V. UNEF I 28 APR 66
F/O PICARD J.M.L.P. UNEF I 30 APR 66
PTE BERNARD J.P.E. UNFICYP 09 JUL 66
SPR LORIENZ R.F. UNEF I 12 JUL 66
SIG CROUSE P.M. UNEF I 19 AUG 66
TPR NASS L.W. UNFICYP 27 SEP 66
PTE FICKLING E.J. UNEF I 17 SEP 66
CPL REDMOND O.J. UNFICYP 10 MAR 67
CPL SALMON K.A. UNFICYP 24 SEP 67
PTE LERUE J.A. UNFICYP 09 FEB 70
PTE HALL T.J. UNFICYP 31 JUL 70
CPL ISENER P.C. UNFICYP 25 OCT 70
MCPL LESSARD J.R.M.J. UNFICYP 01 DEC 72
CAPT LAVIOLETTE C.E. ICSC 07 APR 73
WO HENDERSON D.M. UNEF II 21 NOV 73
CPL ROACH A. UNFICYP 17 FEB 74
PO WAMBACK C.A.H. UNFICYP 30 JUN 74
PTE PERRON J.L.G. UNFICYP 06 AUG 74
CAPT FOSTER G.G. UNEF II 09 AUG 74
CPL KENNINGTON M.H.T. UNEF II 09 AUG 74
A/MWO KOREJWO C.B. UNEF II 09 AUG 74
MWO LANDRY G. UNEF II 09 AUG 74
CAPT MIRAU K.B. UNEF II 09 AUG 74
CPL SIMPSON M.W. UNEF II 09 AUG 74
MCPL SPENCER R.C. UNEF II 09 AUG 74
CPL STRINGER B.K. UNEF II 09 AUG 74
CAPT WICKS R.B. UNEF II 09 AUG 74
PTE BERGER J.J.C. UNFICYP 10 SEP 74
CPL BLAIS J.P.C. UNEF II 24 DEC 74
CPL EDWARDS N. UNEF II 24 DEC 74
BDR MILLER R.W. UNEF II 24 DEC 74
CAPT PATTEN I.E. UNFICYP 01 APR 75
PTE KOHLMAN S.J. UNFICYP 11 APR 75
SIG ABBOTT T.E. UNEF II 14 JUN 75
CAPT CRAWFORD K.C. UNFICYP 20 DEC 75

PRÉSENTÉ AU COLLÈGE DES FORCES
CANADIENNES PAR LE CCEM 25 EN
MÉMOIRE DES MEMBRES DES FORCES
CANADIENNES QUI ONT SACRIFIÉ
LEUR VIE AU SERVICE DE LA PAIX.

26 JUIN 99

PTE KRIEGER D.R. UNFICYP 17 AUG 76
SGT DUPONT J.R.A. UNFICYP 24 APR 77
SGT DAILY L.W. UNEF II 10 NOV 77
SGT DEMERS J.F.B. UNEF II 05 DEC 77
CPL ROSS D.C. UNDOF 03 MAR 78
PTE DODGE C.A. UNEF II 02 JUL 79
MCPL MCINNIS J.D.G. UNFICYP 30 MAR 80
SIG PORTER P.K. UNEF II 06 NOV 80
PTE ARCHAMBAULT J.E.R. UNFICYP 20 NOV 81
PTE PRINS A.J. UNFICYP 26 SEP 82
PTE WILSON M.D. UNFICYP 22 JAN 83
CPL HUDON J.P.R. UNDOF 26 DEC 85
MCPL MACRAE M. UNFICYP 06 DEC 86
PTE TROTTIER T.J. UNFICYP 25 APR 88
PTE SYMONS W.C. UNTAC 12 JUL 92
SGT RALPH C.M. UNPROFOR 17 AUG 92
MCPL TERNAPOLSKI J.W. UNPROFOR 25 MAR 93
SGT KLOSS D.L. UNFICYP 08 APR 93
CPL ABEL M.D. UNOSOM 03 MAY 93
CPL LAROSE G.J. UNDOF 08 MAY 93
CPL GUNTHER D. UNPROFOR 18 JUN 93
CPL BECHARD J.M.H. UNPROFOR 06 AUG 93
SGT GAREAU J.D.A. UNPROFOR 17 AUG 93
CAPT DECOSTE J.P. UNPROFOR 18 SEP 93
MCPL LANGEVIN S. UNPROFOR 28 NOV 93
CPL GALVIN D. UNPROFOR 28 NOV 93
PTE COOPER K.D. UNPROFOR 06 JUN 94
CPL ISFELD M.R. UNPROFOR 21 JUN 94
CPL SMITH S.F. CCUNAMIR 25 DEC 94
CPL ROUSSEAU J.F.Y. UNPROFOR 25 AUG 95
SPR HOLOPINA C.G. IFOR 04 JUL 96
PTE DOUCET J.L.M.B. UNMIH 12 JUL 97
BDR VIALETTE R.D. SFOR 21 JUL 97
MCPL McCREA T.S. SFOR 25 MAR 98
CPL OGILVIE J. SFOR 30 AUG 98
SPR DESMARAIS G. SFOR 25 SEP 98

On the Council

(1946)

1948-49

1958-59

1967-68

1977-78

1989-90

1999-00

(2010)





Security Council President Robert Fowler (Canada) confers with Secretary-General Kofi Annan (left), prior to reading out a presidential statement on the situation between Ethiopia and Eritrea.



THE RESPONSIBILITY TO PROTECT

REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL
COMMISSION ON INTERVENTION AND
STATE SOVEREIGNTY



Allan Rock, Permanent Representative of Canada to the United Nations, addressing the General Assembly on the question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council, at UN Headquarters. 26 July 2005.

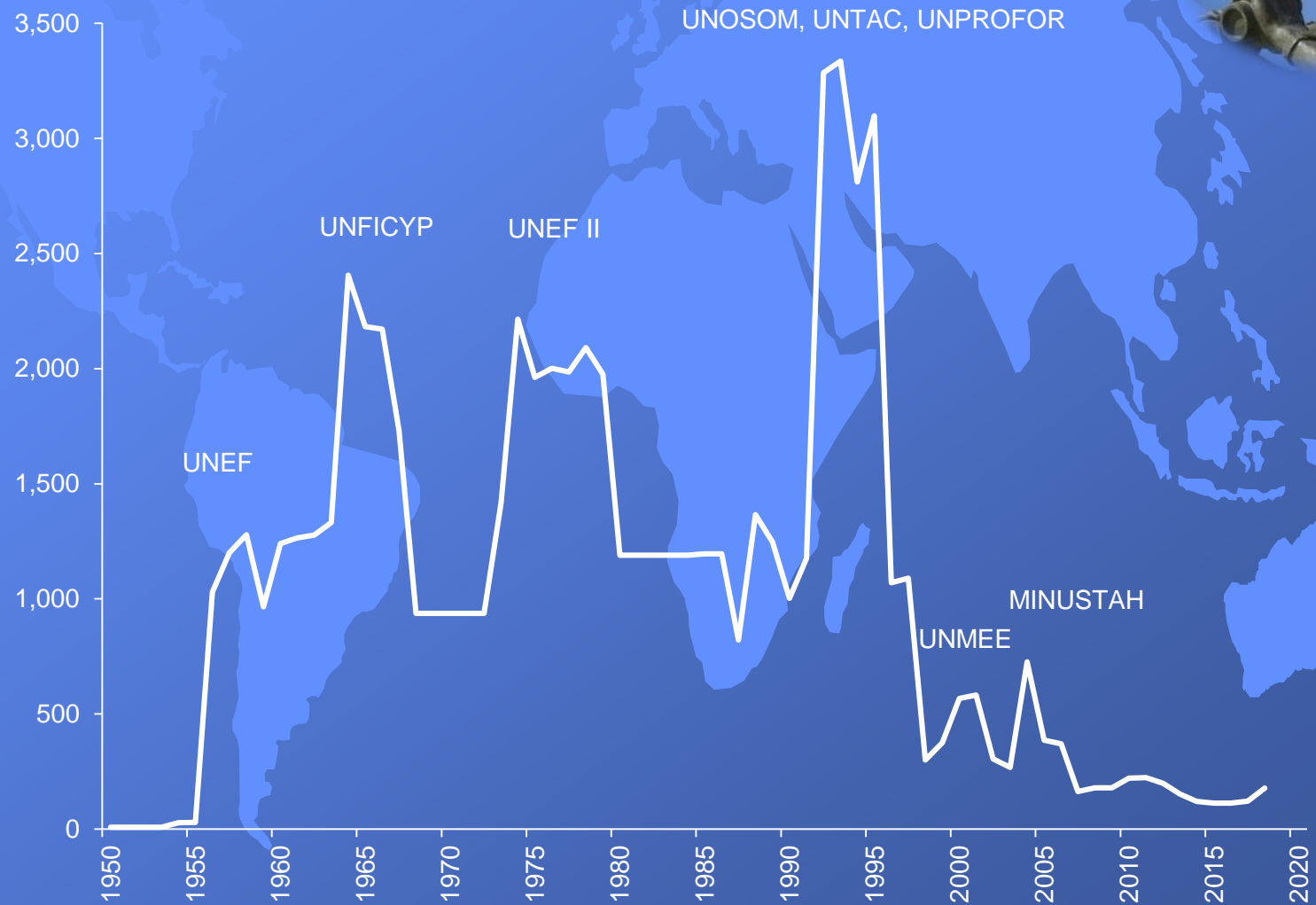


Minister Lawrence Cannon conceding the SC seat to Portugal. 12 October 2010.

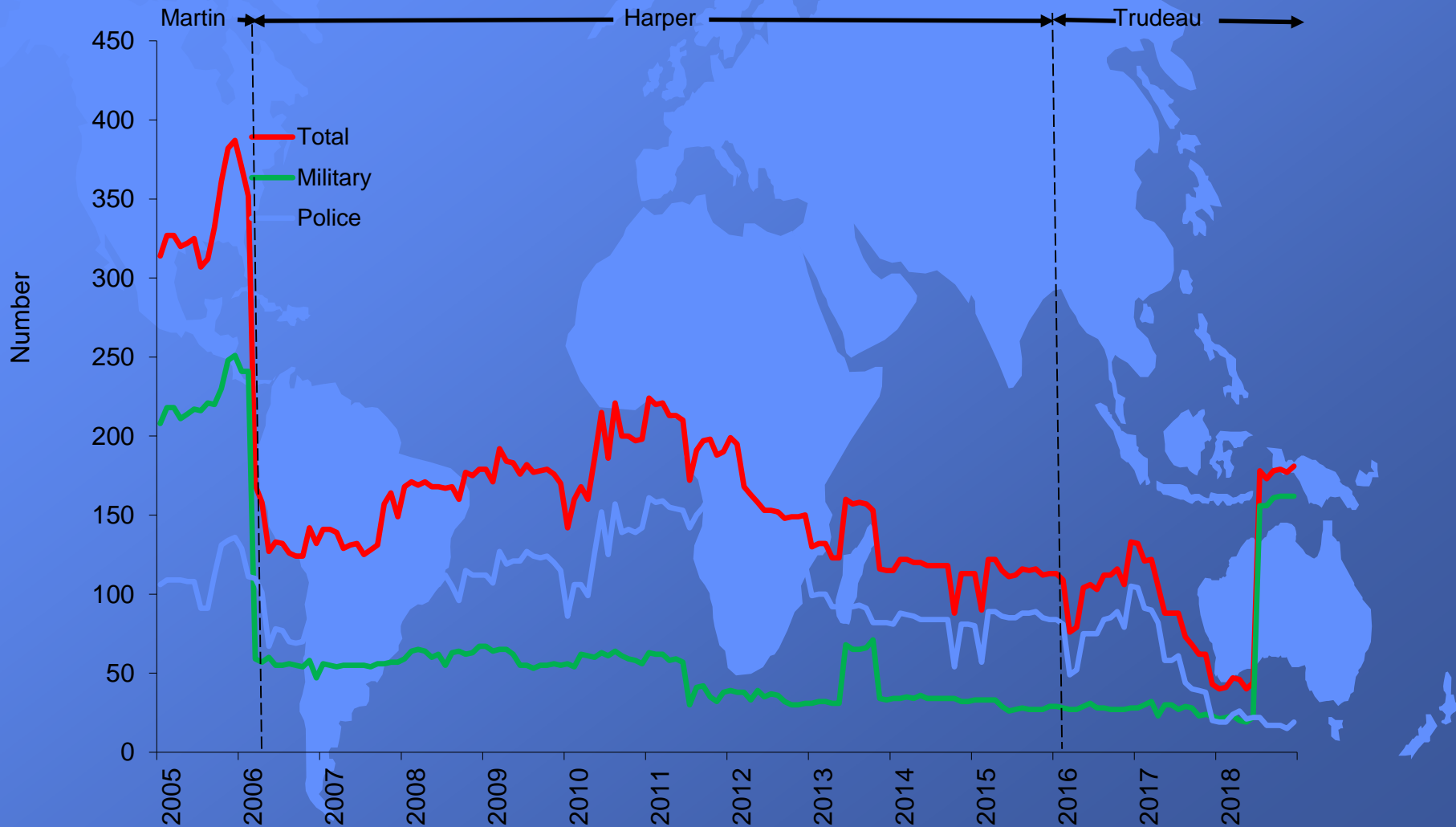


Harjit Minister Singh Sajjan at Security Council meeting on collective action to improve United Nations Peacekeeping Operations. 28 March 2018. UN Photo # 75588

Canadian Uniformed Personnel in UN Peacekeeping 1950-



Canadian Uniformed Personnel 2005-





Lt. General Roméo Dallaire (retired) (right), founder of the Roméo Dallaire Child Soldiers Initiative, with Marc-André Blanchard, Permanent Rep of Canada to the UN. SC debate on children and armed conflict. 31 October 2017.

Current Campaign





Final Thoughts

Tensions and Dynamics

- ❑ SC vs General Assembly
- ❑ Permanent vs non-permanent members
- ❑ SC composition: Realist vs democratic
- ❑ SC and UN SG
- ❑ Legal vs political
- ❑ Sovereignty vs common interest
- ❑ West vs Russia & China
 - intervention
 - « Corridor diplomacy »

SC Reform



Critics call for SC to be more ...

- representative
- accountable
- legitimate
- democratic
- transparent
- effective
- fair

Great Power (through a Canadian lens)?

One Power framework (4 types):

- Hard Power (material in nature)
- Soft Power (ideological)
- Productive Power (creation of things together that could not be realised through individual pursuit – alliances, trade, diplomacy)
- Structural Power (shaping outcomes through the control of Regimes [Principles, Norms, Rules, and Decision-making Procedures])

Overview

- ❑ Origins
- ❑ UN Charter
- ❑ Structure and composition
- ❑ Selected events
- ❑ Canada
- ❑ Final thoughts





The End ...

of the Beginning







If I see one more PPT slide, I shoot!!!

The Economist

JANUARY 6TH-12TH 2007

www.economist.com

The bull market and its risks

Killing Saddam

What the new US Congress means

Islamists' defeat in Somalia

The wellness industry

A chance for a safer world



Global Issues



- ❑ Aggression
- ❑ Arms proliferation
- ❑ Environment
- ❑ Epidemics
- ❑ Crime and terrorism
- ❑ Human rights
- ❑ Refugees
- ❑ Etc